

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XVI.

THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

A BIG RAILROAD SCHEME UNDER WAY.

General Gordon's Present Business in Washington—The Requirements of the Harbor at Savannah—The Atlanta Post-Office Still in Uncertainty—The Chairmanships—Etc.

Special to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—One of the biggest railroad bills coming before this congress is to grant the projected Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas railroad the right of way through the Indian Territory. General Gordon is a director, and it is said he will be in charge of the bill before both houses of congress. The road is to run from the Kansas line across Indian Territory, striking Texas at the mouth of the Wichita river, and going through the state in a southeasterly direction to the gulf. H. A. Lewis, one of the directors, passed through to-night from New York on his way to Texas. He says the bill will be introduced by Mr. Cok in the senate and by Mr. Throckmorton in the house next Monday, and that General Gordon will soon be here to urge its passage. He says the company has ample capital at its back.

SAVANNAH HARBOR NEEDS.

The recent portion of the Constitution shows the need of \$2,000,000 for the Savannah harbor, and Senator Brown has drawn his bill in accordance, recommending the report. He feels sure of getting the sum, and also thinks the outlook favorable for his bill appropriating seventy-five thousand for public buildings at Brunswick.

Sheriff Burkett, of Decatur county, came near being appointed postmaster at Bainbridge to-day. The papers had actually been made out when Mr. Hatton changed his mind, and determined to appoint J. A. Wilder, representative from Decatur, in the last legislature. He will be commissioned in a few days. Intimations from the department are that the Atlanta postoffice may not be filled until after the holidays.

It seems settled that Randolph Tucker is to be chairman of the judiciary committee, though Mr. Hammond is the ranking democrat of the judiciary committee of the last house. Mr. Hammond will almost certainly be tendered the chairmanship of the committee on elections. He is getting well.

CONTROLLED BY NEW THEORIES.

The new theories of the southern statesmen held in mid-autumn days regarding appropriations from the federal treasury did not control the new generation of her public men. Fortunately not, for no section needs aid, more or less, for a better claim for it. By persistent business methods, the Georgia representatives have been getting nearer and nearer to the dues of the state from congress at every session. The river and harbor items a few years ago were about sufficient to pay an engineer to go down and see what a hopeless case lay before him. They were gradually nursed up until the last congress overcame the difficulty by a hundred thousand dollars. A well concerted effort by the ten representatives from Georgia will be made to do still better this time. Mr. Nichols offered a bill Monday to give Savannah \$600,000, Brunswick \$25,000, and Romney \$20,000. These bills went on the petition list under the call of Monday, but will be in order when the general subject of rivers and harbors shall come up. The delegations will have favorable reports from the department of engineering where the importance of the work at Savannah, and Brunswick and on the Coosa river is fully appreciated.

NEW POST ROUTES.

Georgia will figure conspicuously in other bills for internal improvements. At the post office department to-day was shown a map giving the new post routes which will be recommended as proper to be incorporated in the general bill on that subject. They lead from old offices to recently established ones. The mail is now carried along such routes by voluntary service of the people, benefited or by persons willing to do the work for such a pittance. A country postmaster can make a good service reliable and efficient, postal routes must be established and supported by the government. The new routes to be asked of congress are as follows:

In DeKalb county from Decatur by Panterville, Snellville and Avril Block to Bond. In Union county from Camp creek to Young Game. In Gwinnett county from Duluth to Berkmar to Sweetwater. In Floyd county from Hammond's mills to Fouché. In Morgan county from Salley by Greenfield and Robson to Madison, and from Rankin to Rees. In Newton county from Covington by Snapping Shoals to Cora, and from Oxford to New Berlin. In Henry county from McDonough by Wano to Peachtree Shoals. In Carroll county from Curtis by Fults to Emory; and from Bowden to Victory to Joel. In Coweta county from Newnan to Rosco. In Putnam county from Eatonton to Harmony. In Washington county from Sanderville to Worthen. In Crawford county from Knoxville by Ceres to Etaville. In Jefferson county from Statesboro to Bain. In Fulton county from Union to Oconee. In Muscogee county from Columbus to Thad. In Sumpter county from Amicus to Hudson in Pulaski county from Hawk insuite to Bushborough. In Liberty county from Darlaston to Ryansville. In Wayne county from Waynesville to Horseless. In Berrien county from Nashville to Lois. In Terrell county from Dawson to Sasser. In Clay county from Fort Gaines to Poinsett. In Thomas county from Ochlockonee to Christian. In Irwin county from Dowsing's Mills by Fussell's Mills to Octavia. In Laurens county from Dublin to Stukey's. In Sike county from Milner to Franklin. In Oconee county from Ellaville to Dovesville.

ANNUAL POSTAL IMPROVEMENT.

No department of the government has improved so rapidly as the postoffice department. Those who remember the slow mails, their carelessness handling, the large per centage of loss and the general imperfection of this service only a few years ago, can well appreciate its present advantages. The department is now a model of business.

It's very difficult to understand and to understand that in a moment a clerk can answer any possible question concerning the mails in any part of the country. The new postmaster general is making still further improvements, and appears to be about the most progressive man who has held that position in many years. The railway postal service keeps pace with all other branches of the work, and is raising the grade of qualification for its employment. The detective work is systematized in a way that would make Pinkerton ashamed of himself, while its systematic supervision and inspection keeps up a spirit of activity and carelessness in all the great army of employees required by the mail service.

The bill introduced by General Bishop, of Pennsylvania yesterday, providing for one cent letter postage will not pass this congress or the next, but the time for such reduction is not far off. When the two cent postage was agitated three or four years ago the idea was scouted, for the bungling management of those days left a big annual deficit with a three cent rate, and the damage about \$50,000.

LOWELL, Mass., December 14.—The Harris mill was burned this morning. The flames from the mill communicated to the wood-turning establishment of the Merrimac croquet company and caused an explosion, which threw the wall upon the firemen, injured ten of them. The most serious injury is a broken thigh. No one was killed. The damage about \$50,000.

A surplus was worked out

the post office department by the management of Mr. James, and the demand for a two cent letter rate could be kept down no longer. It will not be a great while before it begins to bring a net revenue, and then another and will give the government don't want to make money on the mails. The people are taxed enough now to entitle them to free postage. Cheaper rates greatly increase the amount of mail matter and the rapid education of the people in all parts of the country is swelling the volume of written and printed communication beyond all computation. Fast mails and cheap mails pay back much of this debt by the aid and encouragement they give to some of the chief educational facilities, such as newspapers and magazines.

The big defect of the present postal rate is that it is not as much for a dropped letter, where it is to be delivered by a carrier, as it does to send it from Atlanta to San Francisco and then have it delivered. This defect will be remedied early in the present session.

MRS. LANGTRY IN THE CAPITOL.

Mrs. Langtry visited the capitol yesterday. She exhibited a card to the senior doorkeeper, and was at once shown into the gallery reserved for the use of senator's families. She had been seated there watching the proceedings of the Senate when Senator Bayard, of Delaware, was observed to leave his seat and go out. Presently he reappeared in the seat beside Mrs. Langtry in the gallery. The two held an animated and smiling conversation for ten minutes, and the senator escorted Mrs. Langtry to the restaurant downstairs about a thousand of the capitol loungers gathered about the numerous doors of the restaurant to see Senator Bayard and Mrs. Langtry eat. After that interesting performance was concluded Senator Bayard escorted Mrs. Langtry through the building. In the old hall of representation Senator Bayard spoke to Mrs. Langtry the popular account of his services produced by a person shuffling upon certain steps while speaking. Mrs. Langtry experimented and appeared pleased. A little over one thousand people stood about and watched the performance. Senator Bayard escorted Mrs. Langtry in like manner through the various interesting apartments, always followed by the same admiring throng. Mrs. Langtry wore a rich silk skirt, a brown jersey with much gold lace, and a brown feather hat. The dress was a short walking dress. Mrs. Langtry appeared to be much pleased with her reception.

THE CHARGES PREFERRED BY HER AGAINST CLAYBURG.

A Sensation Which Had Its Origin on the Atlanta Boards Culminates Into a Divorce Suit of National Character—Clayburg's Threats to Shoot—Mot by a Policeman—Etc.

PITTSBURG, Pa., December 14.—A suit for divorce was entered to-day in common pleas court, No. 2, by Lillian S. Clayburg, the actress, formerly Lillian S. Spencer, against her husband, Edward Clayburg. Mrs. Clayburg charged her husband with cruel and barbarous treatment to such an extent that her life has become burdensome. She alleges that upon one occasion, at Grand Rapids, Michigan, her husband assaulted her with a revolver and threatened her life, and at various other times he has abused and cruelly treated her, making her life miserable. The application was filed by John Barton & Sons, attorneys for Mrs. Clayburg. The subpoena was issued this morning and put in the hands of Sheriff McCallin, and Mr. Clayburg was looked for all the morning to serve the notice upon him, but he could not be found. This afternoon he came to the prothonotary's, accompanied by a friend, and inquired for Mr. Saint, clerk of common pleas, No. 2.

THAT'S SMOOTH.

Mr. Saint was readily found, and gave Mr. Clayburg the petition for divorce filed by his wife. He read it over hastily, and smiled as he walked up and down the office for a moment or two, and then left the courthouse. It was this business as usual, which annoyed Miss Spencer.

December 14.—The leading

week's grain circular says: "The grain trade is stagnant but prices are generally well supported. Carries are dull and prices are nominal without change. As to day's market was in fair consumptive demand at late rates. Mixed corn was in very moderate demand. A decline of 1 d. to 3 1/2 d."

The Manchester Guardian's commercial article says the market is exceedingly quiet. Sales are few and of but little importance. Cloth is steady at the lowest prices yet touched. Yarns are very dull, the strike diminishes the demand. Spinners are easier to deal with.

LOXON, December 14.—In Mincing Lane markets sugar is flat. No business doing. In West Indian Jamaica coffee lower, Central American coffee unchanged. Black pepper steady.

TOPICS OF LABOR.

The Mansfield Railroad Strike—The Pittsburg Coal

MINNIE HARDY'S STATEMENT.

Miss Hardy called twice at the city residence of Mrs. Clayburg's mother, and used every endeavor to see Mrs. Clayburg or Mrs. Spencer, privately. She said she had a letter and some diamonds for Mrs. Clayburg. Her request for an interview was refused. The second time she called she was introduced to a newspaper man, to whom she unbosomed herself as follows: "I have been a member of Mr. Clayburg's Circle company three weeks, having joined the combination at Springfield, Illinois. At the request of Miss Huston, a personal friend of mine, and who took Miss Spencer's place during her illness, I took the character of Marcelle, that previously played by Miss Potter, who had resigned. I am here on my way to Syracuse, New York, where I propose to remain until the reorganization of the company, two weeks hence. Mr. Clayburg has left the remainder of his company in St. Louis. Miss Huston's brother is still in the city, and the board of the board guaranteed until the company may again be retooled. Mr. Clayburg came thus far with me, and although I understand there are some little family misunderstandings I am sure Mr. Clayburg is honestly, truly and conscientiously devoted to his little wife, as he terms her, and from St. Louis, where we left Monday night last, here he incessantly talked about her and the babe. Please do not mix me up in any family affair, if there is any. I only called here to see Mrs. Clayburg, or her mother, and to present the letter and diamonds. At first Miss Hardy only admitted that he was, and said he was on his way to New York to complete the reorganization of the company and substitute the name Miss Huston for that of Lillian Spencer on the bills. Clayburg visited the newspaper offices to night and talked about the matter. He denied all the charges of cruelty. His wife is at her mother's country residence and can not be seen to-night.

F. H. K.

IN THE HOUSE.

A Proposal for a Holiday—The Danvers Riot—The New China.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—In the house Mr. Hoblitzell, of Maryland, introduced a joint resolution requiring the president to issue a proclamation urging the various religious denominations throughout the country to commemorate December 23d, 1833, the one hundredth anniversary of the surrender by George Washington of his commission as commander-in-chief of the army, and to request that business be suspended on Monday, December 24th, and the same treated as a public holiday. On motion of Mr. Johnson, of Iowa, this resolution was referred to a special committee, to be composed of five members. Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, introduced a bill directing the secretary of the treasury to settle the accounts of certain states and the city of Baltimore, growing out of moneys expended for military purposes in the year of 1812. Referred. Mr. Hoar, of Michigan, asked leave to offer a resolution that the house bring to the notice of the president the case of the recent murder of several persons alleged to have been citizens of the United States, and the serious injury of several other persons, also alleged to be citizens of the United States, done to the city. Before proceeding to the Pennsylvania avenue residence he visited the mayor's office and secured the service of a policeman to guard the house. Clayburg soon heard of their arrival and went to the house immediately. He walked boldly up the steps, but as soon as he saw the blue coat in the vest as he manner changed. He burst into tears and related a sorrowful tale. The officers were not affected, and gave Clayburg to understand at once that he would have to wait away from the house. At half-past four o'clock the correspondent called. When the door was opened he found a sweet voice singing, "Hail, happy day." A young lady came into the hall, but stated that neither Mrs. Clayburg nor any of her friends could be seen. Later the house was visited again. This time Mrs. Spencer, a dignified lady, came to the door and consented to make a statement.

WHAT MRS. SPENCER SAYS.

"This is exceedingly distressing to us," she said; "but we have been driven to it by Clayburg's actions. He has haunted the house all day, determined, he says to see his wife and obtain possession of their child. My daughter is just recovering from a severe illness. Her health is completely untroubled. She is in constant review with her husband, and he threatened with serious results. She has come home for shelter and she shall have it. This explains the presence of the officer. Lillian is determined to obtain a separation, and further promises from Clayburg will be useless. His treatment of my child has been too outrageous."

"Has he actually ill-treated her?"

"There are more ways of abusing a person than one. I consider it almost barbarous that he should have compelled my daughter to appear on the stage night after night when it was apparent to all that she earned her protest. She was raised in luxury, unaccustomed to any hardships, and could only break down when driven like a serpent." "Is it true that he threatened to kill her?" "I do not suppose that he really meant to kill her, but he did point a revolver at her and threaten to shoot. She had sent some of her earnings home to pay the wages of a nurse girl. He wanted her to recall the check. She refused and then he threatened to take her life. That is not the only time he has threatened to do her bodily harm, either, and he is an old offender to his enemies. George Bullock, had been doing improperly, and had caused the posting of the failure at the produce exchange. The firm deny that they have failed, and say they are ready to pay all their liabilities promptly on presentation.

BY THE FLAMES.

Buring of the Harris Paper Mill—Loss About \$50,000.

LOWELL, Mass., December 14.—The Harris mill was burned this morning. The flames from the mill communicated to the wood-turning establishment of the Merrimac croquet company and caused an explosion, which threw the wall upon the firemen, injured ten of them. The most serious injury is a broken thigh. No one was killed. The damage about \$50,000.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 15, 1883.

PRICE 5 CENTS

AIRY, FAIRY LILLIAN.

THE CHARGES PREFERRED BY HER AGAINST CLAYBURG.

money she earned. In fact, she was compelled to live as she never expected to live."

MISSES SPENCER'S FUTURE.

"I suppose it will be impossible to keep her off the stage, and after she has rested a year or longer, enough to completely regain her health, we will not object if she desires to go back. Her physicians say she has a magnificent constitution, and that peace of mind is all that is required to effect a complete restoration." She will live with me, and will keep very quiet. This affair is proving a terrible shock to her, and she can see nobody.

Mr. Yates, an uncle of Mr. Clayburg, spent the evening with the husband to prevent him from again visiting the house in which his wife is sheltered. The family is desirous of avoiding a scene, and for this reason have not adopted more heroic measures to suppress Clayburg. He is about 25 years of age, of Hebrew extraction, and exceedingly foppish in dress and manners.

THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

The Grain Trade Stagnant in England—The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Business tedium in the United States as reported to R. G. Dun & Co's mercantile agency number for last week 230, Canada and British provinces 35, making total 325, as compared with 307 last week, made up of 263 failures in the United States and 44 in Canada. More than two-thirds of the whole number occurred in the western, southern and Pacific states. In New York city the principal assignments are those of J. Rowland & Son, jobbers hats; Charles Fox & Sons & C., hats and caps; and J. P. Billups & Co., commission and cotton.

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WHAT MRS. SPENCER SAYS.

THE RAILROADS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

Resignation of Colonel Foreacre—Appointment of Hon. Pope Barrow as President of the North-eastern Road—The Augusta and Elberton—Letter from Major Wallace—Etc.

Mr. L. S. Brown, general freight agent of the Georgia Pacific, is in Richmond.

Hon. Pope Barrow is to be appointed president of the Northeastern road, and will accept.

Mr. Dave Mullaney, traveling agent of the Cincinnati Southern, arrived yesterday from Jacksonville, Florida.

Mr. C. N. Wissner, southern passenger agent of the Memphis and Kansas City route to the west, is yesterday for New Orleans.

Mr. R. A. Williams, passenger agent of the Memphis and Little Rock railroad, was in the city yesterday, after a successful business trip through the Carolinas.

YESTERDAY was not a very lively day for emigrant travel. A party of fifteen left for Arkansas, Texas, by the night express, and Captain Fred Bush, general superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville, is on the lookout for a large party of emigrants on their way to Arkansas.

Georgia Pacific Directors' Meeting.

The Georgia Pacific directors were called to meet in New Orleans last week, and it is regarded as not improbable that a decision will be reached to the completion of the road west of Birmingham may be made public in a few days.

A Question of Liability Decided.

The supreme court of Georgia has rendered a decision which the Alabama papers think may have some bearing upon the suit of Carrie Swain against the Louisville and Nashville company, since it was brought for damages in the name of the state.

This decision is that a theatrical company, which suffered a similar loss on account of collision, can recover from the railroad company more than the amount of the fare paid. The result is that out the money refunded to ticket holders.

Superintendent Marahan.

In November, Mr. J. Marahan to the position of superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville from Decatur to New Orleans, the management complimented him further with the privilege of naming his own successor superintendent of the Mobile and New Orleans division. It is said he will take his place and find a man who is in every respect as capable as Mr. Marahan, who is to be the first man that ever made the road from Mobile to New Orleans.

The Augusta and Elberton.

Special to The Constitution.

AUGUSTA, December 14.—While the refusal of the city council of Augusta to aid the Augusta and Elberton railroad will probably retard the construction of the road, the friends of the enterprise feel confident of its ultimate success. On account of the shortcomings, the collection of subscriptions are slow, but it is believed that the other part of the total amount subscribed will be paid. With this a large part of the route can be graded.

The Walker Coal Fields.

A meeting of business men was held in Mobile Monday night in the interest of the projected road from Bartow, N. S., to Gainesville, and thence through the coal fields of Walker county to Decatur. In the speeches it was shown that the building of the road would be easy and cheap. A corps of surveyors are now busy on the line of the road, and when the work is completed, the reports are of level surfaces and easy grades. There will be only two bridges on the entire line and those not long or costly. No money is to be asked for the road, but only moral support will be given, and getting grants of land from counties. The company is already organized and has assurances of advances from capitalists.

The Resignation of Colonel Foreacre.

It was rumored yesterday that Colonel G. J. Foreacre, general superintendent of the Georgia Pacific railroad, had seen in his resignation the intelligence created a ripple of unusual interest in Atlanta. The report of THE CONSTITUTION led into the matter and learned from the best authority that the report was correct. There is naturally considerable interest in the case, as Captain Foreacre's intentions and future plans, but nothing authentic has been made public as yet. That the resignation has been actually made is the only fact in this connection that can be ascertained. It is believed that the public will at once leap to the conclusion that a man of Colonel Foreacre's ability and prominence in his specialty is not likely to be idle.

Information to the effect that Colonel Foreacre has been appointed superintendent of the entire East Tennessee system, and that he will be succeeded on the Georgia Pacific by Mr. Charles Wallace, son of Major Campbell Wallace.

The Georgia Roads.

From the Columbian Register.

Having understood that the railroad commissioners were in possession of a letter refuting the railroad statements in regard to the injuries to railroad business in Georgia, were quoted a copy of the same for publication. The letter is addressed to Captain Walker, of the South Carolina board of railroad commissioners, and is from Mr. Campbell Wallace, of the Georgia board of railroad commissioners. Mr. Wallace is a gentleman of high character and probity, and is the member of the Georgia board who was selected for his important railroad affairs, and recommended on the recommendation of the railroad officials of that state, the Georgia railroad law requiring that one of the three commissioners would be selected by the legislature.

Mr. Wallace states positively that the roads of his state were never in a more prosperous condition than they are to-day, and that many new roads are being put in, and a great deal more will be done.

His statement before the railroad committee the other day, says that "it is contemplated to build roads in Florida, but none in Georgia."

On the other hand, it is stated, we do not pretend to be wise, and leave the public to draw their own inferences.

ATLANTA, Dec. 14.—S. Thomas L. Walker, Columbia, S. C.: Dear Sirs—Will your favor be ready to receive my delayed letter, as I am waiting for our eighth report to come from the printer, in order that we might send you copy of same. I am to you by mail, copy of the report of THE CONSTITUTION, containing an editorial on the condition of the railroads of Georgia, as worked under the laws of the state.

The original statements being made about Georgia railroads and the Georgia railroad commissioners by parties in your state.

The next experiments have, in general, the same over-exertion of the roads, as was exhibited by the commission before they had an effect.

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Mr. Wallace is a man of great energy, while

he is a master of the policy of the corporations themselves, their main lines having been completed, to build branch roads, and the same, both in their private construction and the public, are to a great extent.

There is also less litigation between the people and the railroads than at any previous time. There are very few cases in the courts of the state on account of the railroads, and the railroads to discharge their duty as common carriers.

It is a matter of pride to the citizens of Georgia that the roads of the state, especially the older ones, are far superior to the roads of other states, both in their private construction and the public.

The roads are well constructed, and the railroads to a great extent.

There is much fun at Mrs. Parvenu's expense because she has the books in her library bound in plush.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Window's soother syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awoke as "bright as a button." It is very good for toothache. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves all pain, relieves rheumatism, the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

DANDRUFF

Is Removed by the Use of Cocouine, And it stimulates and promotes the growth of the hair.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are the best.

The fashion for wearing car's heads on buttons is becoming prevalent. As a fashion it is rather on the fence.

Dr. Pierce said: "I have found Smith's Liver tonic to be better than anything I have ever used. It is the best of these liver medicines. Dr. Pierce All druggists sell Smith's Liver tonic."

The money that a counterfeiter makes is poor stuff at best" is a confession made by Brockway,

Brown's Bronchial Tincture for Coughs and Colds: "I do not see how it is possible for a public man to be himself in winter without this admirable aid."—Rev. R. M. Deems Poosack, Mass.

Doctors are the ones who know best that of the sicknesses among fashionable people is imaginary.

Horstford's Acid Phosphate.

Nervous Diseases.

HENRY, New York, says: "In nervous diseases, I know of no preparation to equal it."

No one can see into the future any more than he can see into the bank account of an editor.—G. T.

Every drug store in Georgia has Smith's Worm Oil. It gives universal satisfaction. —we saw

There is some difference between a lover of pearls and a pair of loves—Detroit Free Press.

That Husband of Mine

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells" Health Remover."—Dr. Druggists.

The annual products of the British American sea set are at about \$1,000,000.

Dr. Fuller's Feces injection with syringe contains, cures, cures, irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. \$1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

The Young Folks Pill cures nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. \$2. By Mail. Dept. 429 Canal street, New York.

Cetewayo, having been patched up, now demands an investigation. Some darkies are never satisfied.

Burnett's Toilet Articles.

The leading soother articles of Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, comprise Burnett's soother and flavoring for the handkerchief; soother for the hair; soother for the skin; and ordinary tooth wash. They have been used by popular physicians and the principal artists of the drama and opera. Patti and Nelson both testify over their autographs that they have adopted the use of these elegant preparations, and they especially like Burnett's soother and flavoring soother. Burnett & Co. are also the makers of the purest and most delicious flavoring extracts for the cuisine.

The Cincinnati sausage makers have struck, and sausages are going to the "demolition bow-wows."

Why They Call Him "Old Man."

"Yes, that's sadly so," said Jenkins, "my hair is turning gray and falling out before its time. Use something? I would, but most hair restorers are dangerous." "True," answered his friend, "but Parker's Hair Balsam is as harmless as it is effective. I've tried it, and know. Give the balsam a shot and the boys will soon stop calling you 'Old Man Jenkins.' It never fails to restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Richly perfumed, an elegant fragrance.

The Cetewayo sausage makers have struck, and sausages are going to the "demolition bow-wows."

Weak Nervous Men

Who's debility, exhausted powers, premature decay and other physical disabilities properly caused by excesses, errors of youth, sedentary life, etc., are the result of a long course of restoration to robust health and vigorous manhood is in the hands of Dr. W. L. Calhoun. Neither stomach drugging nor instruments of torture can effect a cure.

Physical Debility and Physical Decay uniformly successful, because of the pure and direct methods and absolute thereon. Full information and Treatment free. Address: W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary, MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. MASON C. Sharp, administrator of Joseph Abercrombie, represents the estate of the deceased, and states that he has fully discharged the duty of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismissal. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. Daniel Pritchard, administrator on the estate of Capt. G. W. Daniel, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted with said application as applied for.

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W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. C. M. May, administrator of the will of James L. May, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted with said application as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

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W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. Robert D. Spaulding, administrator for letters of administration on the estate of Richard W. L. Calhoun, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted with said application as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. W. L. Calhoun, executor of the will of Mrs. Mary and Elizabeth Clayton, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted with said application as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEOGRAPHY, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 7th, 1883. W. L. Calhoun, executor of the will of Mrs. Mary and Elizabeth Clayton, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Dr. Prince's Special Flavoring Extracts have stood the test of science and of practical use triumphantly, and now are taking precedence over all other Flavoring Extracts. They are justly entitled to the reputation they have established, for their strength, purity and delicacy of flavor cannot be equalled.

There is much fun at Mrs. Parvenu's expense because she has the books in her library bound in plush.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Window's soother syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awoke as "bright as a button." It is very good for toothache. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves all pain, relieves rheumatism, the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.

ARCHITECTS

AND

ENGINEERS,

9-12 PEACHTREE ST., ATLANTA, GA.

38 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.

A Card, to the People of Georgia and the South.

HAVING DETERMINED TO OFFER to the public in all matters pertaining to the architecture, designing and superintendence of public and private buildings, and the construction of structures for mercantile, manufacturing and other purposes, but may be entrusted to my care and direction, I have associated with me Mr. Lorenzo B. Williams, architect, whose skill, knowledge and ability and taste are well understood in architectural circles.

Confident of my ability to afford the completed services in all branches of architectural work, and to make designs for interior decoration of buildings and in the efficient superintendence of public and private enterprises, we announce our readiness to undertake and pledge our earnest and faithful devotion to every interest given to us in charge.

H. I. KIMBALL.

12 YEARS.

W. T. WILSON,

Wholesale Jobber of

SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES,

ADJUSTING TOOLS, OILS, NEEDLES,

PARTS AND ATTACHMENTS

For all makes of Machines.

STEAM FITTINGS, HAND ATTACHMENTS,

WATER MOTORS—

—FINE REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.—

Send for Trade Catalogue. Handles Ten Miles of Ten Dollars only. Halves

5. F. D. ADAIR,

GEORGE W. McCARTY,

JAMES D. McCARTY.

ADAIR BROTHERS & CO.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED AS PART

THEREOF OUR TWO NEHEMIAH G. W. McCARTY AND

JAMES D. McCARTY, AND THE STYLISH

AND FANCY DRAWS.

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THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$15 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, and make all DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO THE CONSTITUTION,

ATLANTA, GA. DECEMBER 15 1883.

INDICATIONS for South Atlantic states: local rains Friday night, followed on Saturday by much colder, fair weather, brisk and high northwest winds, rapidly rising barometer.

AN ACTWORTH newsgatherer, in detailing an accident to a negro who fell off the platform and was run over, says, very laconically: "He had no business on the train."

THE Pacific slope delegations in congress have formulated amendments to the Chinese restriction bill, which it is hoped will make the bill effectual. The amendments will be introduced in congress at an early day.

MRS LILLIAN SPENCER, who created such an excitement by her realistic acting in Atlanta, has commenced suit for divorce against the young man who sought so ardently to use his wife's sufferings as an advertising dodge.

THE hip-pocket attachment did its work again yesterday in New Orleans, where a trivial occurrence led to a general fusillade in which three prominent citizens were wounded, and a large number were wounded. The tragedy grew out of the pending political canvass.

DECATE, right in the shadow of Atlanta, is satisfied that there will be noise enough on Christmas day without firecrackers. The result is that an ordinance has been passed, by which the small boy will be compelled to go out into one of the adjoining militia districts in order to enjoy himself.

THERE is a great deal of complaint all over the state about the irregular mail service. THE CONSTITUTION is in daily receipt of numerous letters, in which these complaints are repeated. There must be somebody at fault in this matter. It would be well for the proper authorities to make investigation.

MR. HOBLITZELL, a congressman with a euphonious name, is desirous of adding more holidays to the calendar. His introduction of a resolution to have public worship and rest from business on the centennial of the surrender by Washington of his command of the army was quietly referred. It is about time for the centennial hunter to take a back seat.

THE death of a broken-hearted woman in Brooklyn yesterday ends one of the saddest stories ever told. Miss Lungenbier, blooming and joyous fell a victim to the eye of an amorous old senator from Michigan, Judge Christiany, whose wife she became. Soon driven to desperation by an old man's jealousy, she started on the downward road to death.

THE NEW ORDER OF KUKLUK.

There is one fact to which the attention of Judge Tourgee and the distinguished company of sectionalists, of which he is the mouthpiece, should be called, namely: that the Invisible Empire at the south is a much more important affair than his imagination has ever conceived of. It is a new combination of kuklux and what-not, and it is destined to play a more important part than any of our northern friends are willing to acknowledge. By the side of this new kuklux—this restless and relentless Invisible Empire—the old organizations were insignificant and temporary. The new organization is a sectional affair, too, we are glad to state; and that it means "business" may be gathered from the news columns of any paper in the land that chronicles pros and events. It should be known as the grand order of Kuklux of the Invisible Empire of the south, and no doubt Judge Tourgee, who has moved his boardinghouse to New York, where he has a larger field of vision, has already recognized its presence.

When the northern manufacturers of duck and other coarse fabrics find themselves under-sold in their own markets—when they find that their railroads can bring them relief only by inaugurating a series of rebates that are only temporary—what is this but the handiwork of this new kuklux? When the northern mill men stand up and announce to the world that they would save money by shutting down and stopping their machinery, while the southern mill men go on making money in the face of a dull season, what is this but a conspiracy on the part of the Invisible Empire? When it is demonstrated day after day that southern pig-iron can be shipped to northern markets and sold at lower figures than iron made in northern furnaces, is it not possible to see in such results the diabolical revenges of the new order of kuklux?

Mr. Edward Atkinson and other northern economists declare that cotton cannot be manufactured in the south. The climate is in the way; the labor is not skilled; the class from which the operatives are drawn is not industrial. All this and much more we have heard orally and read in print, until we have come to the conclusion that such statements constitute the folklore of the northern factories. But the Invisible Empire intervenes. Cotton mills, provided with the latest improvements in machinery, continue to be built; the old mills continue to enlarge, and all make profits large enough to astonish the cent per cent economists of New England. Are the southern factory operatives unskilled? The new organization of kuklux lifts its hand, and, lo! they are the model operatives of the world. Is the climate unsuitable? The Invisible Empire issues its edict and immediately the climate in which the cotton can be manufactured into cloth—the climate in

which the natural strength and flexibility of the fibre can best be conserved.

We have no doubt that Judge Tourgee will agree with us that the new order of kuklux is a very powerful one, but whether he agrees or not, the facts will remain the same. The conflict which the Invisible Empire has inaugurated is irrepressible. It is a conflict in which coal, and iron, and cotton and all manner of manufactures are the issue; and it is a conflict that will be fought out on strictly sectional lines.

We mention these things for the purpose of inquiring how the new organization of kuklux is to be put down, particularly when there was a failure to put down the old organization? We should be glad to hear from Judge Tourgee on this important subject.

THE REVOLT IN EGYPT.

The crusade of the Mahdi is becoming very interesting, not only to the khedive, but to the French in Tunis and Algeria, to the sultan, whose hold upon his Asiatic provinces is thereby loosened, and to England in India.

The name of the Mahdi is spreading to all the Moslem world. In the course of three years he has won ten pitched battles, destroying four armies well equipped with all modern appliances.

He inspires his followers, who are almost countless, with the wildest fanaticism, and they fight without baggage or an accumulation of supplies.

According to the best information he is still at El Obeid, the capital of Kordofan. The recent battle near Suakin on the Red sea, had no connection with his movements.

The surrounding hill tribes rose against Egyptian authority, and crushed seven hundred men sent out to punish them.

Suakin is about one thousand miles from Obeid, where the Mahdi is doubtless encamped.

The chief value of Suakin consists in the fact that it is the port from which the shortest line to Berber, on the Nile, and Khartoum can be opened. The rising of the hill tribes renders the relief of Khartoum the exceedingly difficult.

There are two facts to be kept in mind in connection with this Soudan rebellion. The Egyptians will not fight, and the Mahdi is compelled by his very pretensions to carry on an aggressive warfare until he secures the allegiance of all Islam; or is hopelessly crushed. He can not content with Kordofan or even of all Soudan; for the very nature of his claims calls for the conquest of all unbelievers. His scheme involves the expulsion of the French from North Africa, the overthrow of the sultan and the extinction of English rule over all the followers of the first prophet. He must march towards if not into Egypt proper. The Egyptians cannot stop him, and Valentine Baker cannot stop him unless he has an adequate force of English troops. The rabble of impressed Egyptians from the villages of the Delta, or the newly-formed gendarmerie are not to be trusted further. And this means that England is in honor and in all interest bound to send a strong force to meet the Mahdi, and to pursue him until he surrenders. The khedive says the Soudan will not be given up, and England must of course do the work of reconquering and holding it. This is no small task for all the followers of the first prophet. He must march towards if not into Egypt proper. The Egyptians cannot stop him, and Valentine Baker cannot stop him unless he has an adequate force of English troops.

EVERY Irishman has an informer at his heels and a judge ready to order his execution. The Egyptians cannot stop him, and Valentine Baker cannot stop him unless he has an adequate force of English troops.

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THE estimated Ghorban is not a very successful candidate for secretary of the senate. The esteemed Ghorban loved Mahone not wisely, but too well.

KWANGSU, the present emperor of China, was placed at the head of the Manchu dynasty in 1875 at the age of four years. The mother and grandmother of the infant king have been empresses regent. Two years ago the dowager empress died leaving the regency to be conducted by the emperor's mother. Kwangsu is now twelve years old, and is said to be very bright and studious. Chinese authorities prophesy that by the time he is of age to assume the personal government of his dominions, the troubles of his country will have ended, the minority period of twenty-five years will have served to restore to China peace in her home affairs and independence of action in those that affect her relations with the outside world.

MR. HENDRICKS does not claim that his absence in Europe is for the good of the country. On the other hand, he does not aim that the country will suffer. He has learned from Mr. Tilden how to be non-committal.

IT is estimated that half a million of the London poor are on the verge of starvation. They live like dogs and die like sheep with the rot. There are dangerous possibilities in this condition of vice, misery and some day all the evil forces of vice, misery and crime will burst like a tornado upon all that is wealthy and respectable in London. There is material in the shams of this great city for a more violent revolution than any yet recorded in history. A well posted writer speaking of these evils presents and impending revolution which would produce more suffering in the vicinities.

AN interesting event in Washington is the formation just now of a "Christmas club," with the president's pretty little daughter, Miss Nelly Arthur, as the presiding officer. The project includes a Christmas entertainment by the seventy-five children and young people engaging in it, and some contributions by each member to the erection and stocking of a huge Christmas tree in the largest halls of the city, to which

the president's daughter is to be given to them.

IT seems that Pings, the present British

Kingsman, is more humane than Marwood.

Liverpool culprit, whom Blame executed, was

physically and mentally suffering from his condition, with the Chinese dogs.

IT is reported that a milkman of North Salem having

him for \$10,000 damages sustained by this

beautiful Arab stood planting its lovely feet on his

breast and then uprooting a wagon full of silk.

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THE STATES AROUND.

FROM VIRGINIA TO TEXAS, AND KENTUCKY TO FLORIDA.

Hanging of Two Men in Mississippi—Mysterious Disappearance of an Editor—Jail Delivery at Gadsden, Alabama—A Sheriff Killed in Louisiana—And Other Southern News.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

FREDERICKSBURG, December 14.—The dwelling store and warehouse, with contents of D. H. Allen & Co., at Rogers store, Orange county, were totally burned to night. Loss \$1,200, totally insured.

Penitentiary, N. Y.

BUSINESS FAIR.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

PALESTINE, December 14.—Bluehill & Bro., dealers in general merchandise, made an assignment to day to James Amon and Henry Ash. Liquidities are estimated at \$7,000, assets unknown.

Holding For, Mississippi.

HANGED.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

ROLLING FORK, December 14.—Shilas Lane, convicted of rape, and Pleasant Hansford, convicted of murder, were hanged here to day for their crimes. Lane has confessed his guilt. Rev. Dr. C. K. Marshall and Mr. Woodward offered the prisoners spiritual consolation.

Saline, Arkansas.

THE SHERIFF KILLED.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

MANY, La., December 14.—A sheriff was shot last Saturday evening and died instantly, while in the attempt to arrest Dr. J. H. Word, of this place, for disorderly conduct. It was a most unprovoked murder and the people are highly indignant at the outrage. Word has been arrested and sent to the Nachitoches jail for safe keeping.

Mound, Louisiana.

SHOT AND KILLED.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

SHREVEPORT, December 14.—A white man, whose name was not learned, shot and killed a negro Saturday night, near the Franklin mill, on the Keokuk and Logwood road. The particulars of the killing were not known when our informant left Mandeville, further that the negro attempted to shoot the white man, who was some distance away, who, in return, pulled down on the negro with a Winchester rifle, striking the negro in the neck, killing him instantly by breaking his neck.

Fort Smith, Arkansas.

SHOT TO DEATH.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

FORT SMITH, Ark., December 14.—Levi James, a Choctaw Indian, who was convicted last November of the murder of James Fulton, was shot yesterday at the County courthouse, Indian territory, in accordance with the sentence of death. The bullet struck him in the back, and he died in a few moments. He was shot in the back, and the bullet passed through his heart. He was buried in the Indian cemetery.

Tulsa, Oklahoma.

DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

MORGANTOWN, N. C., December 14.—The trial of John Twiggs, for the murder of William McCall has closed. The murder was committed in Rutherford county in the year 1862. Twiggs was tried and sentenced to be hanged, but took an appeal, and in the meantime escaped to Tennessee, where he lived in seclusion up to within a short time since when he was captured and brought back to his state. The jury failed to agree, eleven being for acquittal and one for conviction of manslaughter, and a mistrial was entered. The accused testified in his own behalf, and said he killed his wife in self defense. There is very little probability of his being convicted on the next trial, as the fact of the length of time since the commission of the crime and the fact that he has led a peaceful and industrious life weighs heavily in his favor.

Memphis, Tennessee.

RETURNED TO THE WATER'S EDGE.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

BATESVILLE, Ark., December 14.—It was discovered here Saturday night, that Willie Byers, a 16 year old proprietor of the Batesville Pilot, had suddenly and mysteriously disappeared. The entire town was in an uproar, and the police were at work to find out what had become of him. No one could furnish any solution of the matter. Mr. Byers was to have been married in two weeks to a beautiful and accomplished young widow of this place. He had no children, and was the only son in the family. There is very little probability of his being convicted on the next trial, as the fact of the length of time since the commission of the crime and the fact that he has led a peaceful and industrious life weighs heavily in his favor.

Memphis, Tennessee.

REURNED TO THE WATER'S EDGE.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., December 14.—The steamboat James Harry, while en route from White river this port, was burned this afternoon at Bevins' landing, fifteen miles below here. The cargo consisted of 600 bales of cotton, and a quantity of cotton seed, which, together with the steamship, was totally destroyed. The fire had its origin on the starboard side, abreast of the boiler, among some cotton bales. Charles Mill Harry at once marshalled his crew and fought the fire with旺盛的精力, and setting the bales which threatened the passengers and the crew he ordered that a landing be made, which was done. All escaped, but the boat was burned to the water's edge. The vessel was owned by the firm of Mill's & H. and was valued at \$30,000. The amount of insurance is unknown. A sum of money that was in the dock was saved, but the safe was lost.

Richmond, Virginia.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE SYSTEM.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

RICHMOND December 14.—Both houses of the general assembly have passed a resolution instructing the Virginia senators, and requesting the representatives in congress, to use their best efforts to secure the unconditional and immediate abolition of the internal revenue system, this method of collecting taxes being greatly injurious to the public interests, and especially to the people of this state.

THE RIDDLEBEE RESOLUTION.

The house of delegates to day passed the joint resolution telegraphed yesterday, declaring the acceptance by the people of Virginia of the settlement of the state debt as provided for by the Riddlebee resolution, and instructing the senators of the state to fund their claims and bonds under the provisions of that act. The senate did not act on the resolution to day, but will doubtless do so to morrow.

Gadsden, Alabama.

JAIL ESCAPE.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

EGADSSEN, Ala., December 14.—Four prisoners escaped from the jail here on Thursday night. The discovery was not made until Friday morning. The following are the names of the fugitives:

As Stephens, charged with carrying concealed pistol.

Will Moore, accessory to murder.

Joe L. Jones, for selling whisky.

Baswell Jones, United States prisoner, for overcharge of mitigation.

The fugitives escaped by sawing a hole in the ceiling over the cell, and climbing to the rafters, then they punched off the brick in the gable end of the building and made ropes of these bedding and sawed down to the ground. The saws which they used were made out of a tin cup; the saws were made with a file, which was found in the jail after the escape. The work was commenced by L. B. Moore, who was expected to be the ringleader. Sheriff J. W. Brantley at once took some measures to capture them.

Charlotte, North Carolina.

THE NEW BISHOP.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., December 14.—Dr. Alfred Austin Watson, the new bishop of East Carolina, composed of Bertie, Beaufort, Martin, Pitt, Greene, Wayne, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson and all the counties lying between those named and the Atlantic coast, is about 60 years old and is a native of Brooklyn, New York. On November 31, 1844, he was ordained by Bishop Benjamin F. Gadsden, and in 1854, he became the rector of Grace Church, Plymouth, and was the first rector of that church. On May 21st, 1854, he was ordained priest of the Anglican church, Fayetteville. He took charge of Grace Church in 1854, and in 1855, and in 1853 was appointed rector to Bishop A. C. C. Moore, in St. James' church, Wilmington. In 1855 he was ordained rector of St. James' church and has continued as such up to the present. Dr. Watson enlisted as chaplain in 2nd regiment, North Carolina

troops in 1861 and distinguished himself for his usefulness to duty.

Salem, North Carolina.

NUMBER HAN. 25.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

Charlotte, N. C., December 14.—Burt Ellis, colonel, engaged at one o'clock to day for the murder of Mrs. Willis Logan, an old lady of Cleveland county. The house was public and well attended by 300 people. On the scaffold Ellis made a full confession of the crime, and said his trial was fair and just, and that it was only right that he should be hanged. He said he was innocent, but was confident that his sins were pardoned, and that he was going straight to heaven. He spoke composedly for about twenty minutes and warned the crowd especially his race, race, race, to be good and honest. To the faints coupled with obsequious to his parents, he said my downfall and his end on the gallows after bidden to the scaffold. The crowd was adjured and an appropriate prayer was made by Rev. Samuel Bidner, colored. The trap was sprung at the expiration of twenty minutes the plug passed to the beat, and the body was cut down. The crowd who witnessed the execution were very orderly. The murderer for whom Ellis paid the penalty was committed on October 19th. Ellis went to Williamsburg's house, bent on robbery. He found a negro there, and let him run away, conscious of choking. He then covered both with hot coals and set fire to them. Logan regained consciousness and raised an alarm. Ellis was captured to do justice to the guilty to the charge of murder. They waived an examination and trial held for trial.

INCIDENTS AND OPINIONS.

Woven into Shape and Form by the Southern Press.

From the Charlotte, N. C., Observer.

Mr. James C. Taylor, formerly of Chapel Hill, a graduate of the university of North Carolina in 1877, and subsequently assistant in the agricultural experiment station under Dr. Leodeux, has accepted an engagement as superintendent of a coal mine in Ohio with a salary of \$2,500 per annum. Mr. Taylor is well and in favorably known in our state, especially in Orange and Mecklenburg, and has many friends with whom he has resided six years after his graduation, an income equal to that of a judge of our supreme court and the state treasurer.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

From the Vicksburg, Miss., Herald.

Sunday evening Charley Reynolds, who runs the lunch counter of the Southern Garden, went up to Mr. Dave Winston's room, up on the Magnolia club, to wake him, up to go on watch. His notice was attached while up, and he bright lighted the room, and then ran to the desk of the Miss Magnolia hall. Charley rushed down stairs, gave the alarm and summoning the assistance of one or two of the waiters in the room below, succeeded in getting out the door. On the arrival of the police two hours after the discovery of the first fire another blaze was discovered by the waiters in Magnolia hall, issuing from the small entrance to the kitchen. The police and the firemen put out the fire and closed the door at the north end of the stage. As there was no smoke or heating apparatus of any kind in the place where the fire originated, no room for doubt is left but that there was a purposeful incendiarism and a tardy attempt at incendiarism.

Southern Standard.

Tallahassee houses are filling up rapidly.

Morgan City, Louisiana, daily ships 75,000 oysters.

Morgan missionaries report "good business" in Texas.

Nashville is overrun with beggars, tramps and thieves.

J. G. Parkinson, of Daytona, Florida, is picking ripe tomatoes.

An extra wheat crop has been sown all over East Tennessee.

Gainesville is selling in Jacksonville, Florida, at fifteen cents per quart.

A Methodist minister lectured Sunday on "sanctified and ideal matrimony."

The new hotel in Montgomery, Ala., will be finished by the middle of January.

Two men in Hardin county, Kentucky, nine months old, weighed 330 pounds each.

Mr. J. H. Culver, of Shelby county, Kentucky, raised 294 bushels of corn on three acres of land.

In 1865 Arkansas had 38 miles of railway. It now has 1,654 miles in operation and railway construction goes on.

Farmers in Newberry county, South Carolina, have more meat of their own raising now than at any time for many years past.

Miss Winnie Hall, of Temple, Texas, admits that she is the only woman in the state who is 100 years old last Sunday.

Farmers around Charlotte, North Carolina, are still sowing wheat and oats, something that they are seldom enabled to do so late in the season.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

The Members Discharged from Arrest, but Cautioned For the Future.

New Haven, Conn., December 14.—In the city courts this morning, Judge Deming discharged the members of the salvation army from arrest. The judge said that from the evidence produced there was nothing done on the part of the salvationists to provoke a breach of the peace. After the adjournment of court, Judge Deming said to the captain of the army that he did not believe they would be interfered with in singing, praying and exhorting from the steps of the old statehouse, but they must not parade the streets beating drums, etc. The police chief, Webster, says the army will have to obey the orders of the mayor.

SOUTH GEORGIA CONFERENCE.

The Proceedings of the South Georgia Conference—of Business.

Special to The Constitution.

MACON, December 14.—The conference convened in Masonic hall 9 a. m., Bishop J. C. Keener presiding. Religious services conducted by Rev. J. M. Marshall. Minutes of yesterday read and confirmed. J. D. Anthony asked to be allowed to withdraw the application of B. K. Key for superannuated relation. H. P. Myers asked to be allowed to resign his place on joint board. His request was granted and G. C. Thompson put in his place. Rev. W. R. Branham, of the new Georgia conference and G. J. Orr, state school commissioner, were introduced to the conference. G. G. McDonald read an invitation from the principal of the academy for the blind to attend an exhibition at the academy this afternoon at 3:00. A. M. Williams offered some resolutions for the improvement of statistical report asked the appointment of committee. The following were appointed: A. M. Williams, R. M. Lockwood, H. P. Myers, Mrs. Whitman C. Hilt asked to be put as a claimant on the superannuated fund. On motion of T. T. Christian a resolution was passed that the G. C. Palmer, business manager, Southern Methodist publishing house, was introduced, and made a favorable statement of the condition of the house. J. M. Austin asked leave of absence for J. E. Godfrey. Granted.

CALLED BEFORE THE BISHOP.

The following having traveled two years were called before the bishop, and having answered the usual disciplinary questions were admitted into full connection: D. F. Rily, S. S. Senter, Josum B. Grater, J. M. Lovett, Bassett, Antioch, G. C. Brant, W. L. Carter, Ozias G. Mingehoff, G. Smith, of North Georgia conference, was introduced to the conference. Question was asked: Are all the preachers blameless in their life and official administration? The following were called and their characters passed: L. B. Payne, when his name was called he read his report as agent of the orphans home. James Branch requested from the board of trustees the reappointment of L. B. Payne as agent and J. T. Lowe as superintendent. The request was granted. J. B. Brant, J. S. Kelly, J. O. Brant, G. N. McDonald, G. W. Mathews, F. Myers, W. J. Flauder, B. F. Breedlow, S. W. Sander, H. R. Feller, J. P. Wardlow, J. R. McCleary, M. A. Clark, E. W. McDonnell, R. F. Evans, J. B. M. Ghee, W. Louis, A. Mann, W. C. Lovett, T. J. Ahsley, E. J. Renfiz, R. M. Lockwood, E. J. Burch, J. W. Weston, B. H. Sasser, J. B. K. Smith, E. H. McNeely, Dr. G. Orr, state school commissioner, education, addressed the conference. After Dr. Orr's address Dr. Haygood addressed the conference. During the session of the conference, Dr. Haygood having arrived on motion of J. O. Branch the session was extended. After Dr. Orr's address the session was adjourned. After Dr. Orr's address the conference adjourned with benediction by the bishop.

ITS EFFECTS ARE IMMEDIATE AND SO NATURAL THAT NO HUMAN BEING CAN DETECT ITS APPLICATION.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A Splendid Holiday Book for

tension society took place last night at Mulberry street church. Addresses were made by Bishop Hargrove, Dr. George Watson, of Kentucky; Dr. J. O. A. Clark, president of society.

THE ADDRESSER OF THE DAY.

Dr. Haygood, in his address before the conference to day, gave a very interesting sketch of the boarding hall system now in vogue at Emory college. Dr. Orr, in his address on education, was upon the topic of something that had not happened in a Methodist conference in many years.

CRIMES AND CASUALTY.

A Boy's Brutal Murder—Killed in an Elevator—Saxton-Krebs Fired.

RICHMOND, Maine, December 14.—Burt Ellis, colonel, engaged at one o'clock to day for the murder of Mrs. Willis Logan, an old lady of Cleveland county.

The house was public and well attended by 300 people. On the scaffold Ellis made a full confession of the crime, and said his trial was fair and just, and that it was only right that he should be hanged.

The crowd who witnessed the execution were very orderly.

The murderer for whom Ellis paid the penalty was committed on October 19th.

Ellis went to Williamsburg's house, bent on robbery.

He found a negro there, and let him run away, conscious of choking.

He then covered both with hot coals and set fire to them.

The crowd was adjured and an appropriate prayer was made by Rev. Samuel Bidner, colored.

The trap was sprung at the expiration of twenty minutes the plug passed to the beat, and the body was cut down.

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BANK
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CASH CAPITAL \$100,000,000.
CAPITAL FUND 50,000,000.
STOCKHOLDERS (with unnumbered prop-
erty over a million dollars) Individually
liable.

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Sells Bonds and Stocks, and pays interest at the
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HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN
BROKER & DEALER IN STOCKS & BONDS
Omoo 46 and 48 East Alabama Street.

Will occupy rooms 7 and 8 in Gate City National
Bank building (Perry Street entrance) soon to be
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STOCK EXCHANGE,

PAINCE, BOWLAND & CO., Managers.

Brokers in Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Park, Sides,
Lard and Coffee Futures, also Stocks of all kinds,
and Petroleum bought and sold on margin.

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Refer to Gate City National Bank.

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BONDS STOCKS AND MONEY

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 14, 1883.

STATE AND CITY BONDS

BID Asked BIG Asked

Ge. 6s 105 106 Atlanta 7s 110 112

Ge. 7s 128 129 Atlanta 6s 100 101

Ge. 8s 138 139 Atlanta 5s 101 102

Ge. 7s 136 137 120 123 Atlanta 6s 103 104

H. G. (Brown) 104 Macon 6s 115 116

Brownsville 5s 80 Rome, new 102

Atlanta 6s 114 115 Georgia 6s 82 85

RAILROAD BONDS

Ge. 6s 104 106 Al. & Char.

Ge. 6s 105 106 Inc. 6s 55 58

Char. 7s 112 113 Atlanta 6s 100 101

U. S. 114 115 108 109 110

A. & Char. 112 113 108 109

Inc. 6s 28 30

RAILROAD STOCKS

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A. & Char. 68 88 Aug. & S. 117

W. & Western 114 116 At. & W. P. 98 100

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make and guarantee to give satisfaction for twenty
years wear. Do not fail to see these goods before
buying. Remember the place.

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WHITE AND DECORATED

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CHINA—

For the Holidays at New York Wholesale Prices, by
HENRY SELTZER.

Strictly Cash on Delivery.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Coron—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool
yesterday at 5:15 A.M.; New York at 10:75; in Atlanta
at 9:25.

Daily Weather Report.

OBERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS U.S.A.

U.S. CUSTOM HOUSE, December 14, 10:30 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of
time at each place named.

TIME OF
STATION.

WEATHER.

WEATHER.